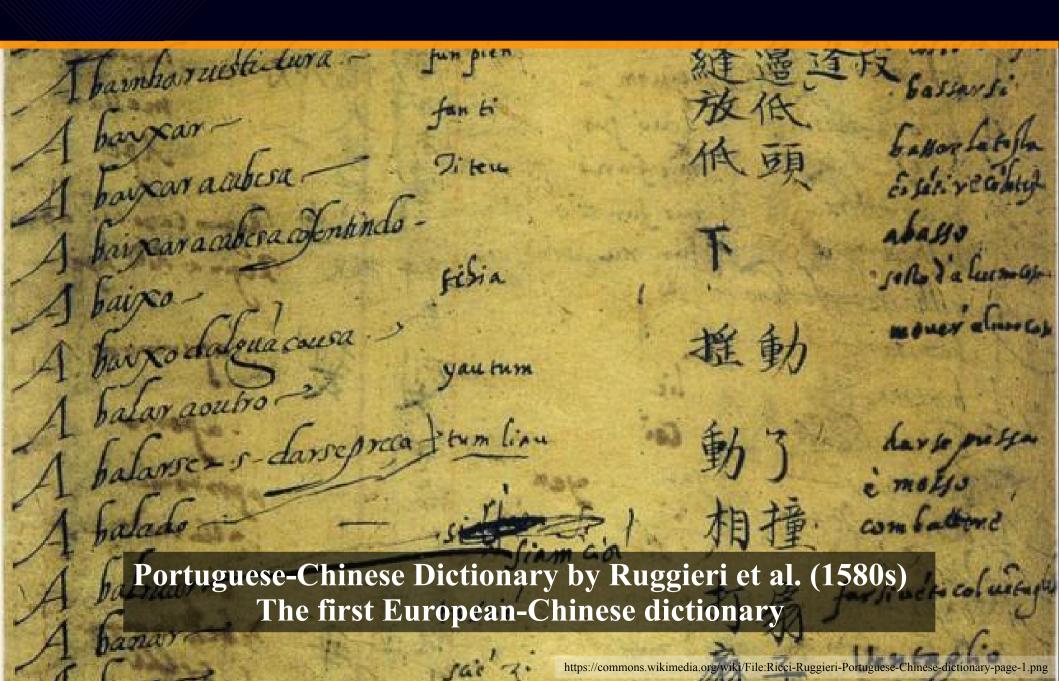
#### Multilingual FrameNet Tutorial

#### **Alignments**

Gerard de Melo
Assistant Professor
Tsinghua University, Beijing
(moving to Rutgers University)
http://gerard.demelo.org

#### Aligning Lexical Entries



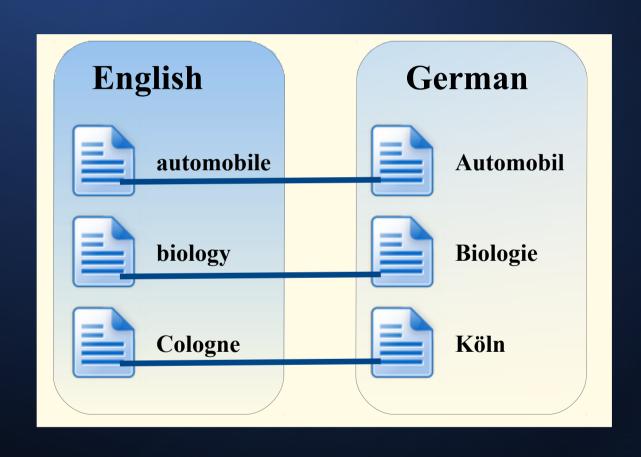
#### Contents

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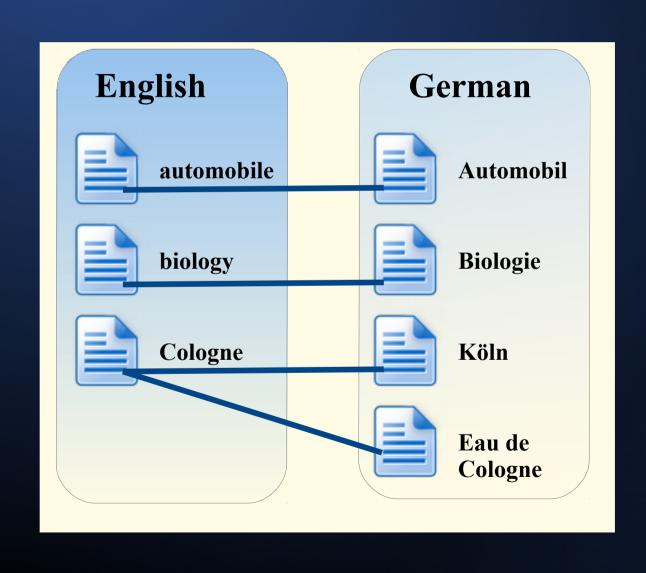
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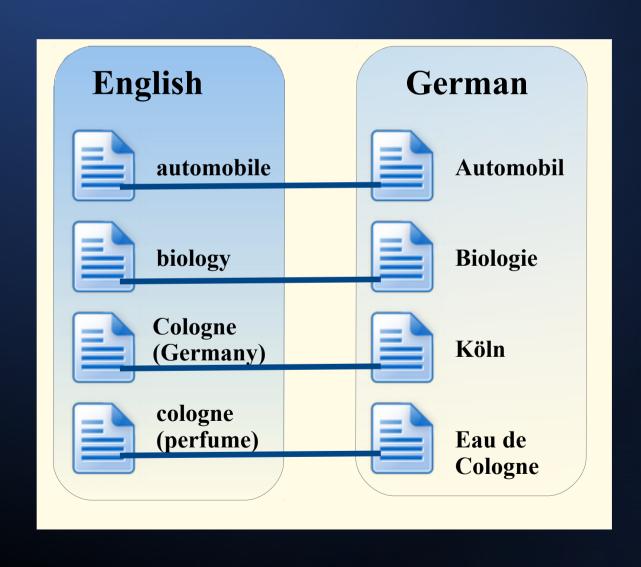
### Perfect Alignments?



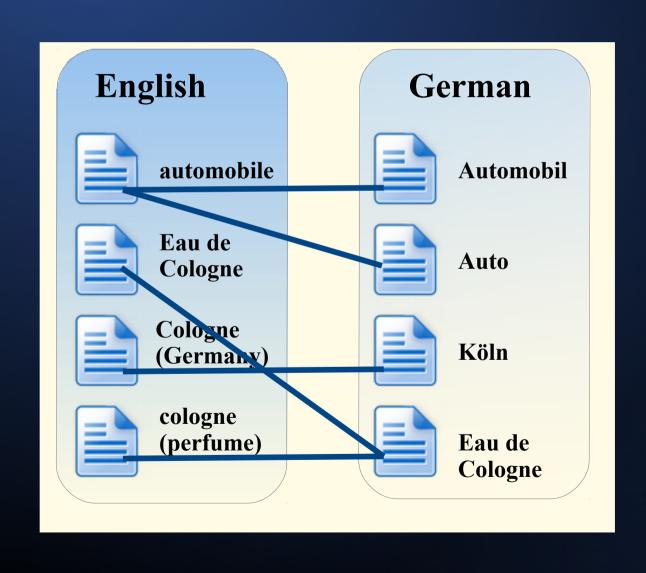
### Perfect Alignments?



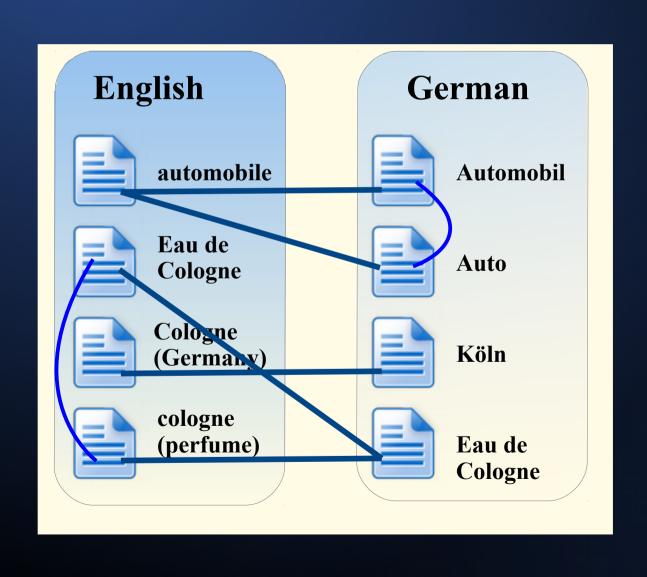
### **Sense Alignments**

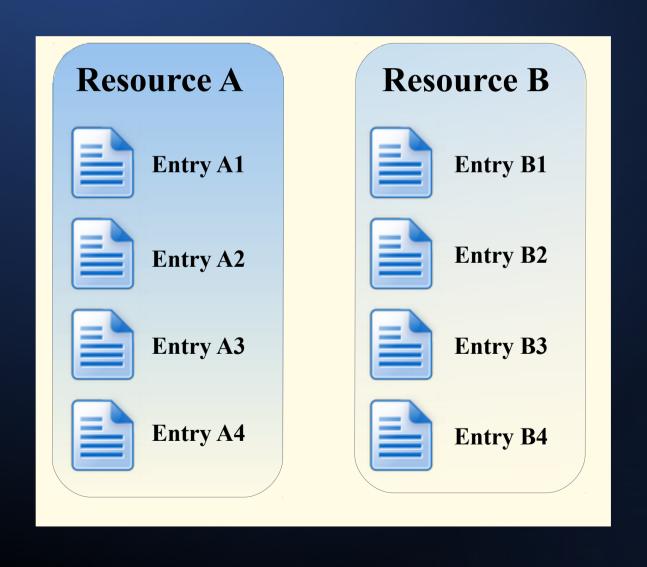


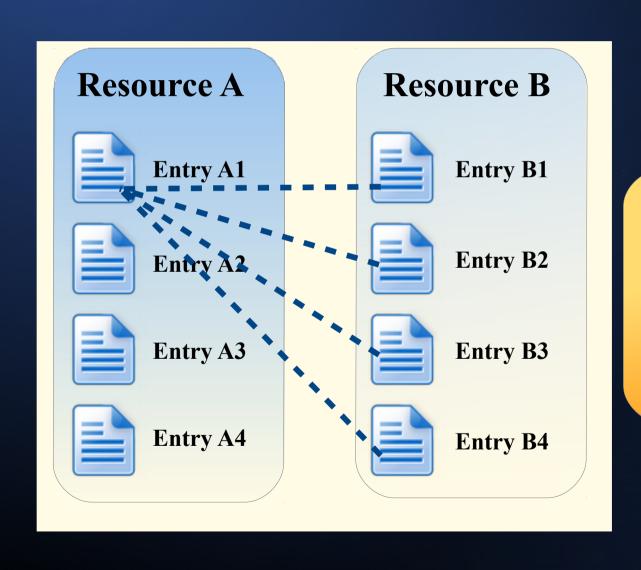
### Sense Alignments

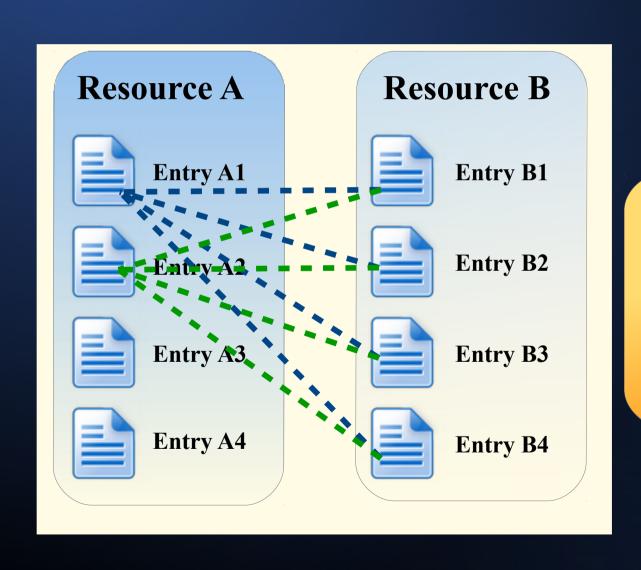


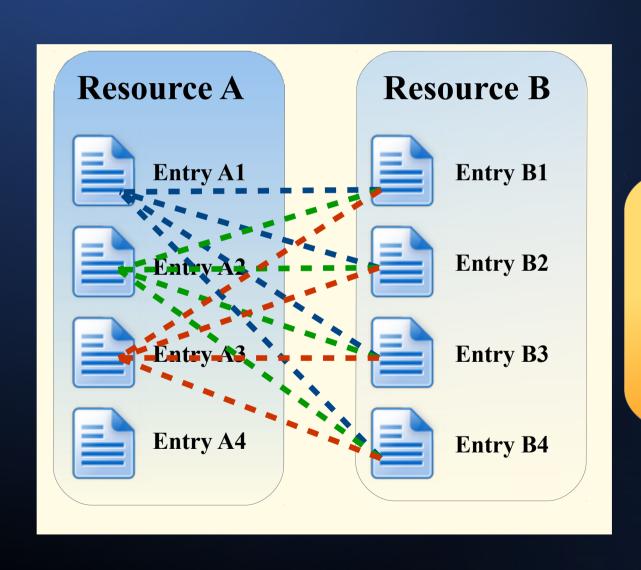
### Sense Alignments: Implied Synonyms

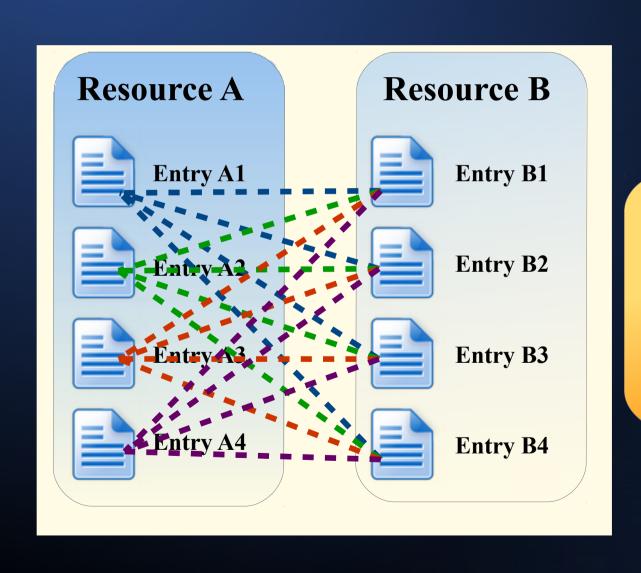


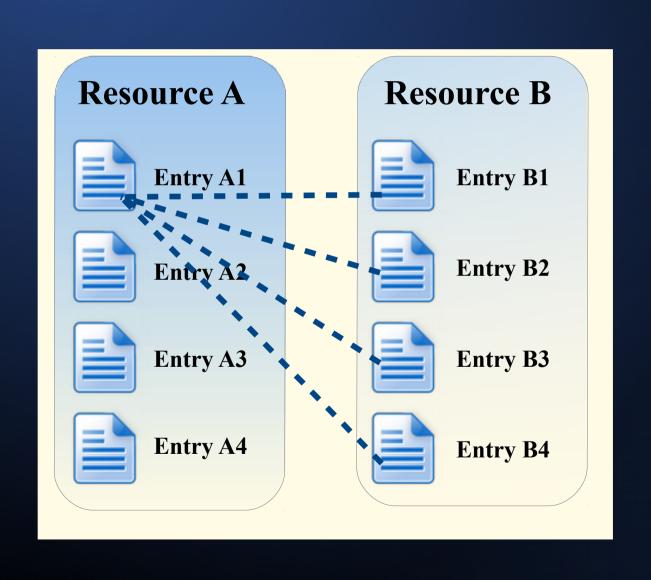


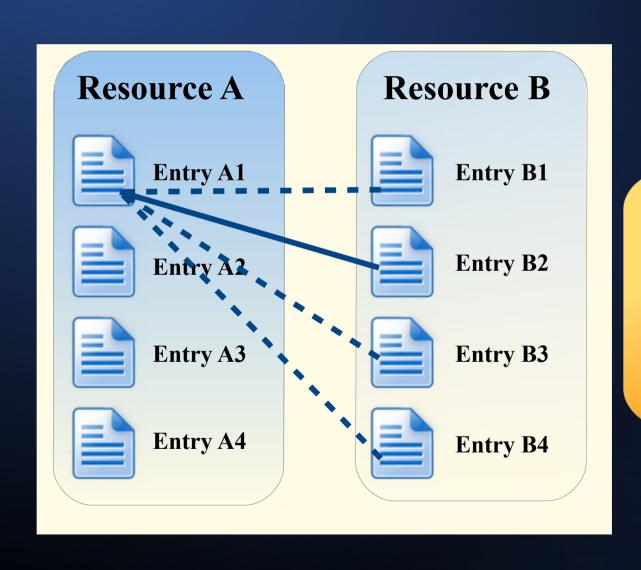


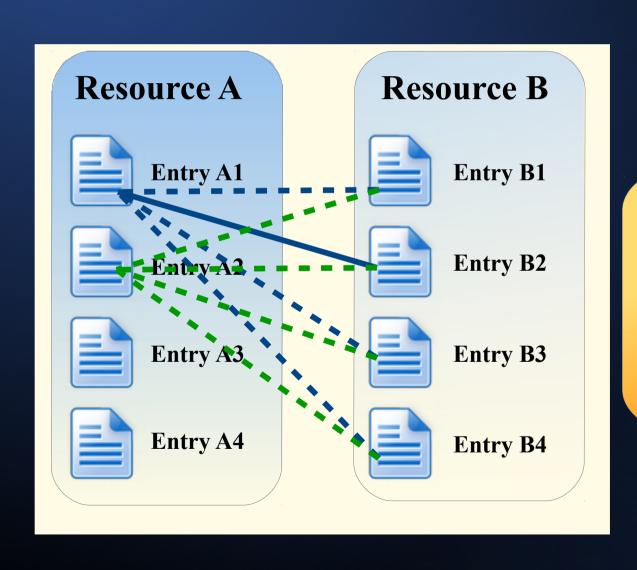


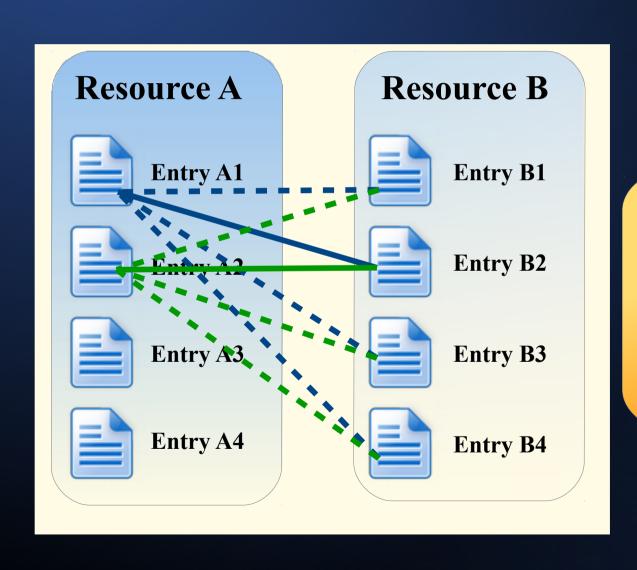


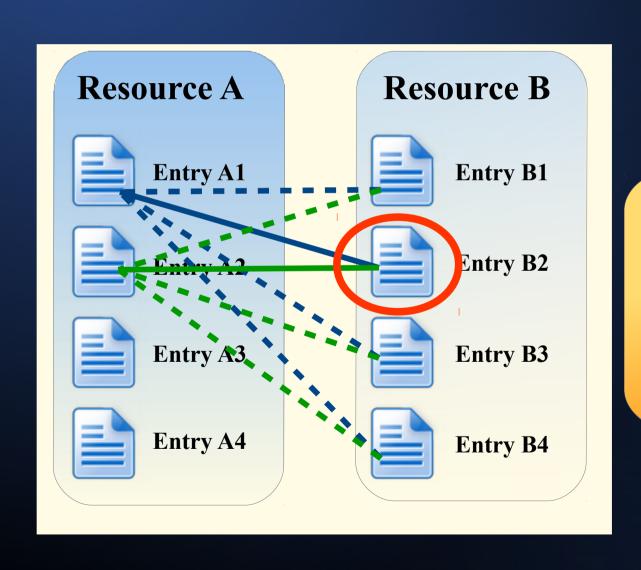


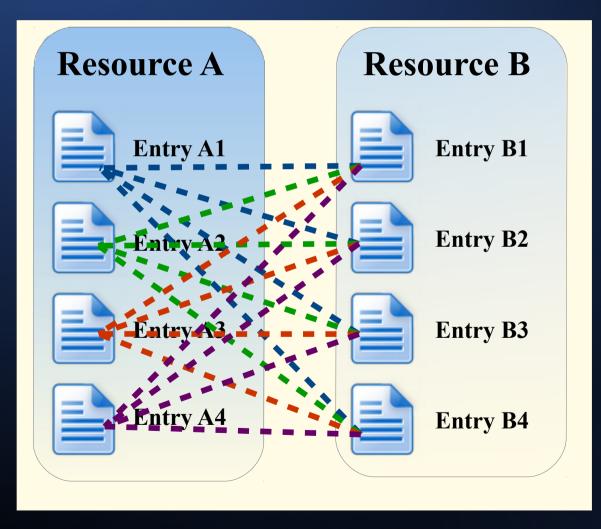






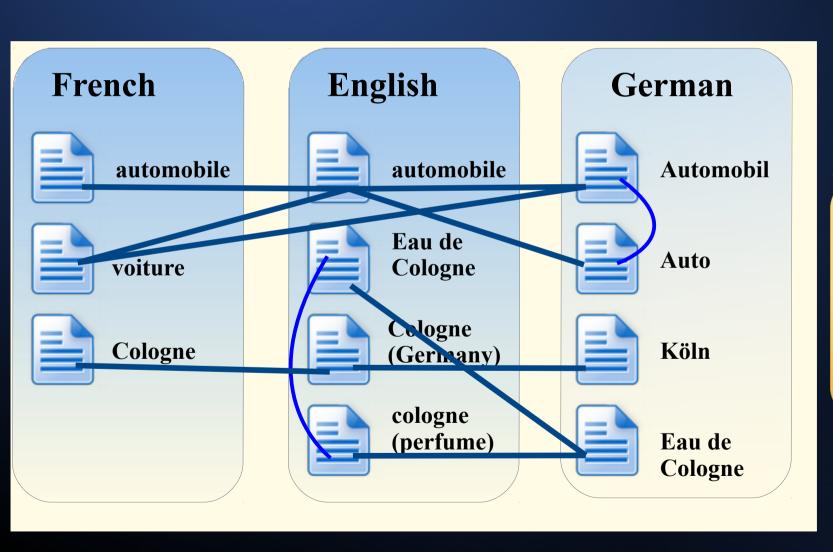






For 1-to-1
Alignment:
Maximal
Matching
as global
optimum

e.g. Hungarian Algorithm (Kuhn-Munkres algorithm)



For arbitrary alignments: global optimum via algorithms from de Melo (2010, 2012)

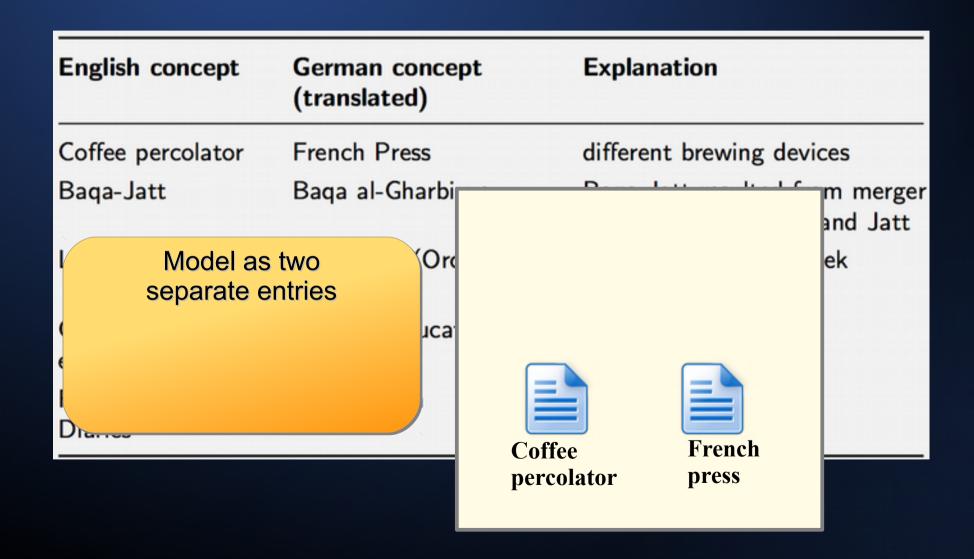
# Separated Concepts (Multilingual Wikipedia)

English concept	German concept (translated)	Explanation
Coffee percolator	French Press	different brewing devices
Baqa-Jatt	Baqa al-Gharbiyye	Baqa-Jatt resulted from merger of Baqa al-Gharbiyye and Jatt
Leucothoe (plant)	Leucothea (Orchamos)	plant vs. figure of Greek mythology
Compulsory education	Right to education	duty vs. right
Franz Kafka's Diaries	Franz Kafka	diaries vs. person

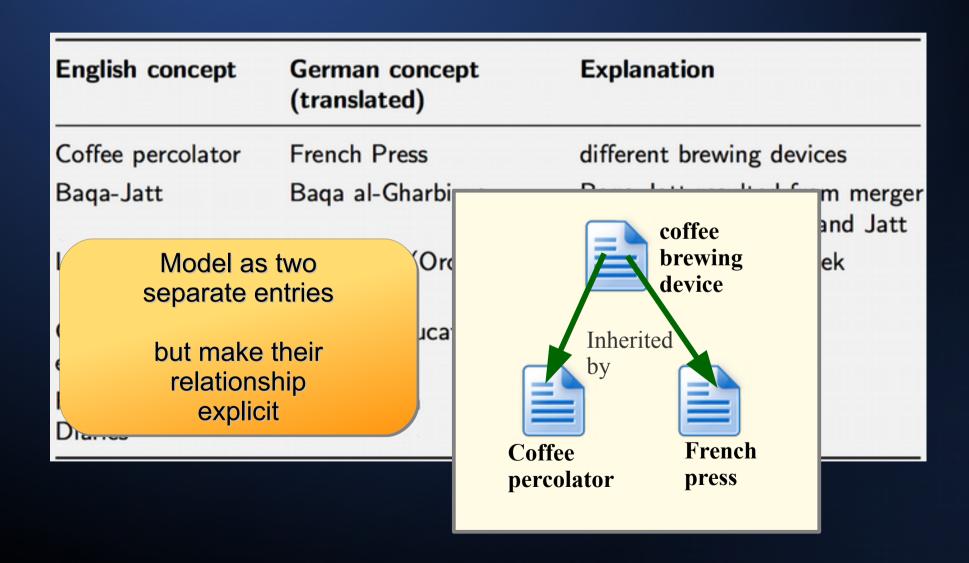
#### **Contents**

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# Separated Concepts (Multilingual Wikipedia)



# Separated Concepts (Multilingual Wikipedia)



#### Granularity

# WordNet Search - 3.1 - WordNet home page - Glossary - Help Word to search for: carry Search WordNet Display Options: (Select option to change) Key: "S:" = Show Synset (semantic) relations, "W:" = Show Word (lexical) relations Display options for sense: (gloss) "an example sentence" Noun

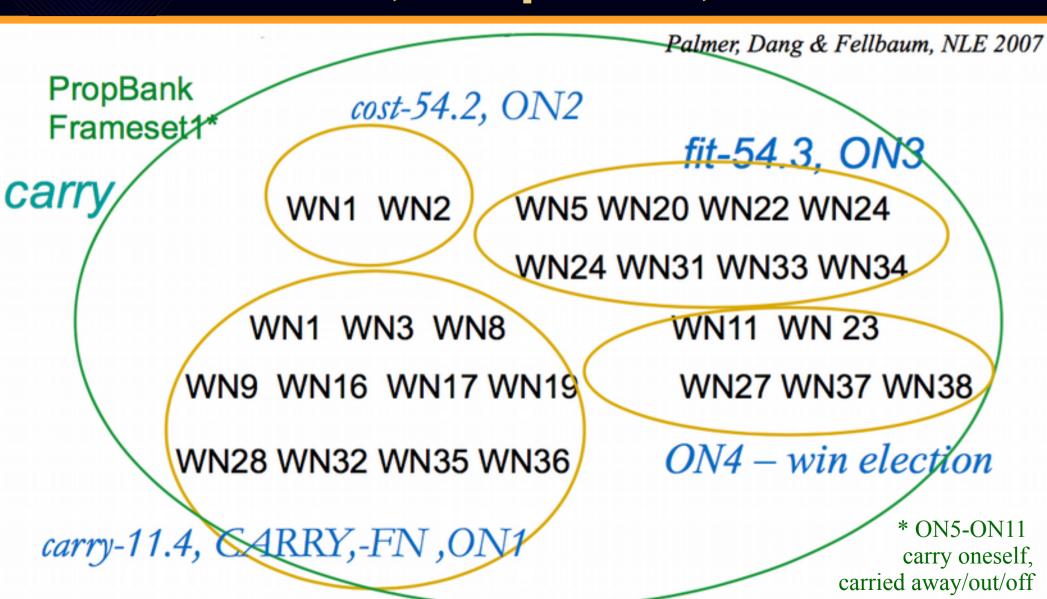
#### Verb

S (n) carry (the act of carrying something)

- S: (v) transport, carry (move while supporting, either in a vehicle or in one's hands or on one's body) "You must carry your camping gear", "carry the suitcases to the car", "This train is carrying nuclear waste"; "These pipes carry waste water into the river"
- S. (v) carry, pack, take (have with oneself, have on one's person) "She always takes an
  umbrella", "I always carry money", "She packs a gun when she goes into the
  mountains"
- S: (v) impart, conduct, transmit, convey, carry, channel (transmit or serve as the medium for transmission) "Sound carries well over water", "The airwaves carry the sound", "Many metals conduct heat"
- S. (v) carry, convey, express (serve as a means for expressing something) "The painting of Mary carries motherly love", "His voice carried a lot of anger"
- S. (v) carry (bear or be able to bear the weight, pressure or responsibility of) "His
  efforts carried the entire project", "How many credits is this student carrying?", "We
  carry a very large mortgage"
- S (v) hold, carry, bear (support or hold in a certain manner) "She holds her head high": "He carried himself upright"
- S (v) hold, bear, carry, contain (contain or hold; have within) "The jar carries wine"; "The canteen holds fresh water": "This can contains water"
- S (v) carry (extend to a certain degree) "carry too far", "She carries her ideas to the
  extreme"
- S (v) carry, extend (continue or extend) "The civil war carried into the neighboring province": "The disease extended into the remote mountain provinces"
- S (v) carry (be necessarily associated with or result in or involve) "This crime carries a
  penalty of five years in prison"
- S (v) carry (win in an election) "The senator carried his home state"
- S: (v) carry (include, as on a list) "How many people are carried on the payroll?"
- S (v) behave, acquit, bear, deport, conduct, comport, carry (behave in a certain manner) "She carried herself well", "he bore himself with dignity", "They conducted themselves well during these difficult times"

- S. (v) stock, carry, stockpile (have on hand) "Do you carry kerosene heaters?"
- S (v) carry, run (include as the content, broadcast or publicize) "We ran the ad three times", "This paper carries a restaurant review", "All major networks carried the press conference"
- S: (v) dribble, carry (propel) "Carry the ball"; "dribble the ball"
- S (v) carry (pass on a communication) "The news was carried to every village in the province"
- S. (v) carry (have as an inherent or characteristic feature or have as a consequence)
   "This new washer carries a two year guarantee", "The loan carries a high interest
   rate", "this undertaking carries many dangers", "She carries her mother's genes",
   "These bonds carry warrants", "The restaurant carries an unusual name"
- S (v) carry (be conveyed over a certain distance) "Her voice carries very well in this big opera house"
- S(v) carry (keep up with financial support) "The Federal Government carried the province for many years"
- S (v) carry (have or possess something abstract) "I carry her image in my mind's eye"; "I will carry the secret to my grave"; "I carry these thoughts in the back of my head"; "I carry a lot of life insurance"
- S(v) carry (be equipped with (a mast or sail)) "This boat can only carry a small sail"
- S (v) carry, persuade, sway (win approval or support for) "Carry all before one", "His speech did not sway the voters"
- \( \forall \) (compensate for a weaker partner or member by one's own performance)
   \( \forall \) resent having to carry her all the time"
- S (v) carry (take further or advance) "carry a cause"
- S: (v) carry (have on the surface or on the skin) "carry scars"
- S (v) carry (capture after a fight) "The troops carried the town after a brief fight"
- S (v) post, carry (transfer (entries) from one account book to another)
- S. (v) carry (transfer (a number, cipher, or remainder) to the next column or unit's place before or after, in addition or multiplication) "put down 5 and carry 2"
- S (v) carry (pursue a line of scent or be a bearer) 'the dog was taught to fetch and
- S (v) carry (bear (a crop)) "this land does not carry olives"
- S (v) carry (propel or give impetus to) "The sudden gust of air propelled the ball to the other side of the fence"
- S (v) carry, hold (drink alcohol without showing ill effects) "He can hold his liquor", "he had drunk more than he could carry"
- S: (v) carry (be able to feed) "This land will carry ten cows to the acre".
- S: (v) carry (have a certain range) "This rifle carries for 3,000 feet"
- S (v) carry (cover a certain distance or advance beyond) "The drive carried to the green"
- (v) carry (secure the passage or adoption (of bills and motions)) "The motion carried easily"
- S (v) carry (be successful in) "She lost the game but carried the match"
- S (v) carry (sing or play against other voices or parts) "He cannot carry a tune"
- S. (v) have a bun in the oven, bear, carry, gestate, expect (be pregnant with) "She is bearing his child"; "The are expecting another child in January", "I am carrying his child"

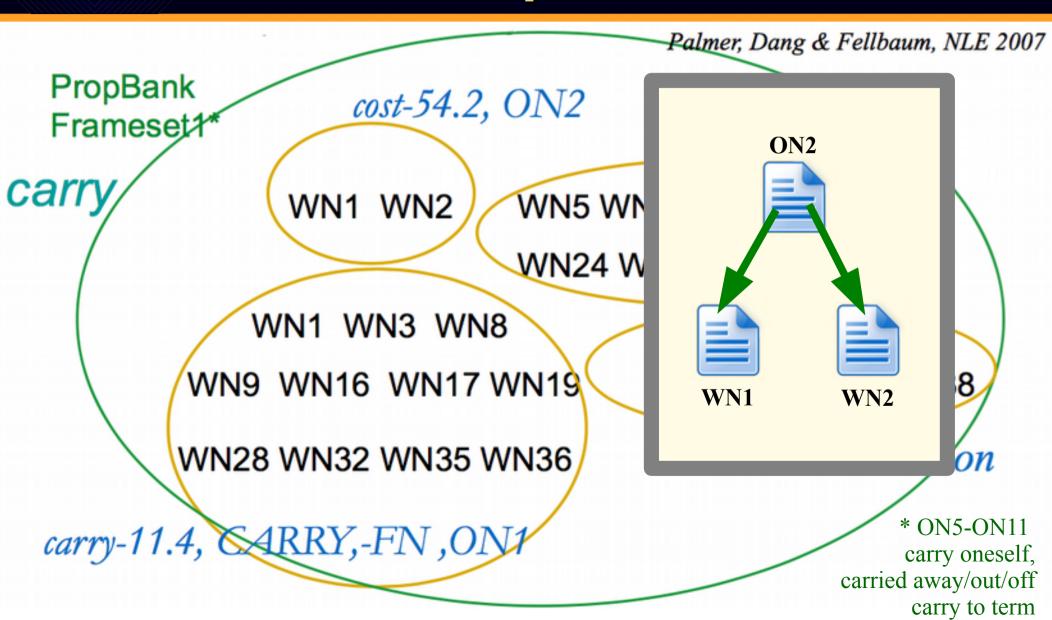
### Granularity: OntoNotes, PropBank, VerbNet



Source: Martha Palmer (2012)

carry to term

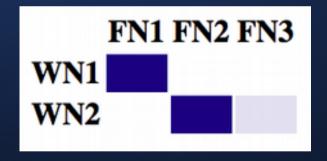
### Granularity: OntoNotes, PropBank, VerbNet



Source: Martha Palmer (2012)

#### **Analysis of Alignments**

- Study based on analysis of multiply annotated sentences
- Conclusion: 1-to-1 alignments are not always possible

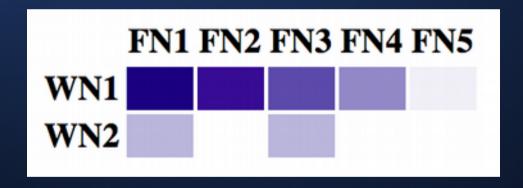


curious (adjective)

Gerard de Melo, Collin F. Baker, Nancy Ide, Rebecca Passonneau, Christiane Fellbaum (2012) Empirical Comparisons of MASC Word Sense Annotations. Proceedings of LREC 2012. Data and Further Information: http://icsi.berkeley.edu/~demelo/masc/

#### Non-Straightforward Alignments

- Study based on analysis of multiply annotated sentences
- Conclusion: 1-to-1 alignments are not always possible



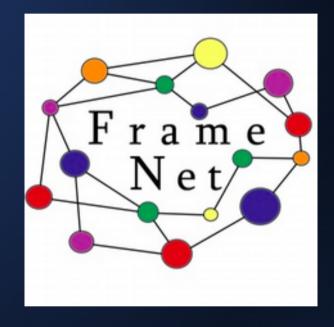
trace (noun)

Gerard de Melo, Collin F. Baker, Nancy Ide, Rebecca Passonneau, Christiane Fellbaum (2012) Empirical Comparisons of MASC Word Sense Annotations. Proceedings of LREC 2012. Data and Further Information: http://icsi.berkeley.edu/~demelo/masc/

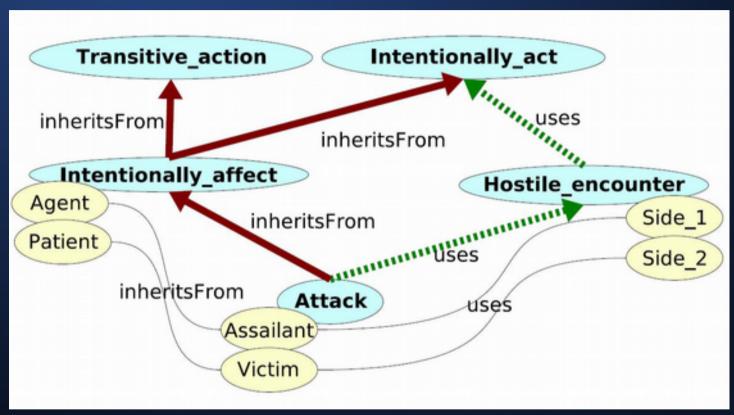
#### Non-Straightforward Alignments

#### **Solution:**

- Don't necessarily connect via 1-to-1 alignments.
- Connect using full range of semantic relations



### Non-Straightforward Alignments



Jan Scheffczyk, Collin F. Baker, Srini Narayanan. Ontology-based reasoning about lexical resources. Proc. OntoLex 2006

**Frame Relations:** inheritsFrom, uses (involvement without requiring roles to be instantiated), etc.

- Some non-English framenet projects re-use Berkeley FrameNet frames
- Non-English LUs can be added to existing English FrameNet frames

Oliver Čulo, Gerard de Melo (2012). Source-Path-Goal: Investigating the Cross-Linguistic Potential of Frame-Semantic Text Analysis. it - Information Technology 54(3).

#### FrameNet Index of Lexical Units

Frame Index

This page is an index to alphabetical lists of the names of the lexical units (LUs).

Each LU name is followed by the part of speech, the name of the relevant frame, and its status. If a lexical unit has the status "Finished\_initial" (meaning it was annotated in FN2) or "FN1\_sent" (meaning annotated in FN1), it will be followed by links to the HTML files for the lexical entry and the annotated sentences. Lexical units on which work has not been completed may have only a link for the lexical entry, or no link at all. The lexical entry provides two tables with information about the LU:Frame Elements and their Syntactic Realizations; and Valence Patterns.



- 가지러고.v (Getting) New Lexical Entry Annotation
- 가스를 n (Substance) New Lexical Entry Annotation
- · 7t.prep (Performers and roles) New Lexical Entry Annotation
- 가입하지.v (Becoming a member) New Lexical Entry Annotation
- . Of n (Roadways) New Lexical Entry Annotation
- 가졌지만.v (Possession) New Lexical Entry Annotation
- 가지고 있었다고.v (Possession) New Lexical Entry Annotation
- 가장 빠른.a (Speed) New Lexical Entry Annotation
- 가장 최근.a (Relative time) New Lexical Entry Annotation
- 가계를 n (Locale by use) New Lexical Entry Annotation
- 가능하도록 a (Likelihood) New Lexical Entry Annotation
- 가장 빠른 a (Relative time) New Lexical Entry Annotation
- 가장 치명적인.a (Killing) New Lexical Entry Annotation
- 가능케.a (Likelihood) New Lexical Entry Annotation
- 가장 최근의.a (Relative\_time) New Lexical Entry Annotation

#### KO - fulltext0

Lexical Unit Index Frame Index

- 1. 태풍 Hugo가 남긴 피해들과 <u>회사</u>Businesses 내 몇몇 주요 부서들의 <u>저조한</u>Position\_on\_a\_scale 실적들을Examings\_and\_losses 반영하여 , Aetna Life and Casualty Co.의 <u>3Ordinal\_numbers 분기</u>
  Calendric\_unit <u>仓</u>Examings\_and\_losses이익이 Examings\_and\_losses 182.6 백만 달러 또는 주당 1.63 달러로 22 % 하락하였다.
- 2. <u>재해Catastrophe 손실은Earnings\_and\_losses</u> Aetna의 순<u>이익을Earnings\_and\_losses</u> Hugo로 인한 36 백만 달러를 포함하여Inclusion , 50 백만 달러로 <u>감소시켰다Cause\_change\_of</u> position\_on\_a\_scale\_-
- 3. <u>지난Relative time해Calendric unit 재해Catastrophe</u> <u>손실은Earnings\_and\_losses</u> <u>순이익이Earnings\_and\_losses</u> 235.5 백만 달러 또는 주당 2.07 달러 시 5 백만 달러의 <u>총합에 이르렀다Amounting</u> to .
- 4. 그 <u>해Measure\_duration</u> <u>이전xelative\_time</u> 결과는 회계<u>변경을Undergo\_change</u> 반영하기 위해 다시 정정되었다.
- 5. 보험회사는 <u>거의</u>Relational\_quantity  $2\frac{\Lambda}{2}$  Measure\_duration  $\frac{\Lambda}{2}$  Moving\_in\_place에 대한 청구를 처리하기 <u>시작하였다</u>Activity\_start.
- 6. 그러나 이를 청구는 <u>평가하기</u>Assessing가 더 <u>어렵고 Difficulty</u> 더 <u>느리기 Taking\_time</u> 때문에 Causation . <u>회사는Businesses 4Ordinal\_numbers분기 Calendric\_unit 실적Earnings\_and\_Josses</u>에 대한 지진의 <u>영</u> 항을Objective\_influence 예측하지 Estimated\_value 못하고 있다 .
- 7. <u>가장 최근Relative\_time</u> 문기에서Calendric\_unit , <u>지난Relative\_time</u> 해 33 백만 달러의 <u>수익에</u> Earnings\_and\_losses <u>비해</u>Evaluative\_comparison , Actna는 자동차 / 주택소유자 계열에서 23 백만 달러의 <u>손실을</u>Earnings\_and\_losses 가져왔다 .
- 8. 영리보험 무서의 <u>이익은 Earnings\_and\_losses</u> <u>거의 Relational\_quantity</u> 3년 Measure\_duration 동안 <u>더 많은 Position\_on\_a\_scalePosition\_on\_a\_scale 재난 Catastrophe 손실과 Earnings\_and\_losses 자산 Possession / 상해보험 Catastrophe 시장에서의 <u>가격Commerce\_scenario</u> 전쟁이 Mostile\_encounter 반영되어 , 30 % 감소하여 59 백만 달러를 기록하였다.</u>

Clear Sentences Turn Colors Off

Commitment Lexical Unit Index

#### Definition:

A Speaker makes a commitment to an Addressee to carry out some future action. This may be an action desirable (as with prometer 'promise') or not desirable (as with amenazar 'threaten') to the Addressee. Some of the words in this frame allow an Addressee to be expressed.

Me PROMETISTE que me harías un regalo. ECNI

Los dirigentes sindicales AMENAZARON con endurecer las medidas de presión. DNI

FEs:

Core:

Addressee [Add]

Semantic Type: Sentient

The Speaker's commitment can be made to an Addressee. With those words which allow this frame element to be expressed, Addressee usually occurs as an Indirect Object of verbal target or as a PP Complement of nominal targets.

Les PROMETTO que les devolvería el dinero que le habian prestado.

Message [Mes]

Semantic Type: Message

An index expression of the commitment made by the Speaker expresses the frame element Message. Message is expressed as a finite or non-finite clausal Complement or an NP Object.

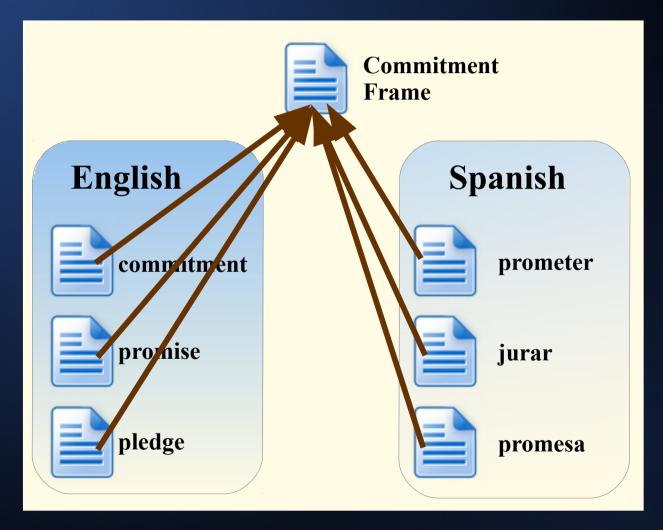
Me PROMETIERON que nos llamarían al llegar.

El ejército israelí AMENAZO con disparar contra cualquier vehículo sospechoso.

El nuevo presidente mantuvo su PROMESA de un referéndum sobre las instituciones europeas.

Spanish FrameNet by Subirats et al.

- Some non-English framenet projects re-use Berkeley FrameNet frames
- Non-English LUs can be added to existing English FrameNet frames



Oliver Čulo, Gerard de Melo (2012). Source-Path-Goal: Investigating the Cross-Linguistic Potential of Frame-Semantic Text Analysis. it - Information Technology 54(3).

### Multilingual Alignments

#### **Motion Frame**

Intention FE

Purpose FE

Juan fue a San Francisco <u>a visitar a un amigo</u> <u>para pedirle dinero</u>. Juan went to San Francisco to visit a friend and ask him for money.

In some cases:
 minor modifications of frames

### Multilingual Alignments

#### **Motion Frame**

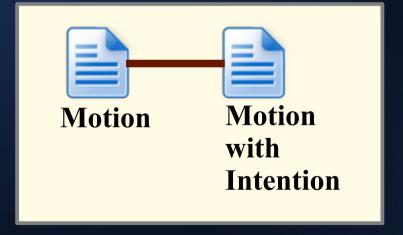
Intention FE

Purpose FE

Juan fue a San Francisco <u>a visitar a un amigo</u> <u>para pedirle dinero</u>. Juan went to San Francisco to visit a friend and ask him for money.

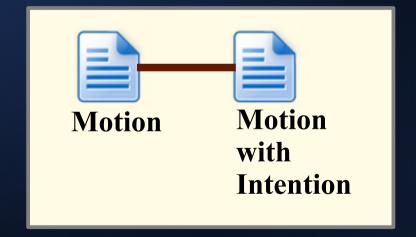
In some cases:
 minor modifications of frames

(these frames should perhaps be renamed and connected to the original version)



### Multilingual Alignments

- Generally can create new frames to cover language-specific phenomena
- Connect these to existing hierarchy via a range of different relations.

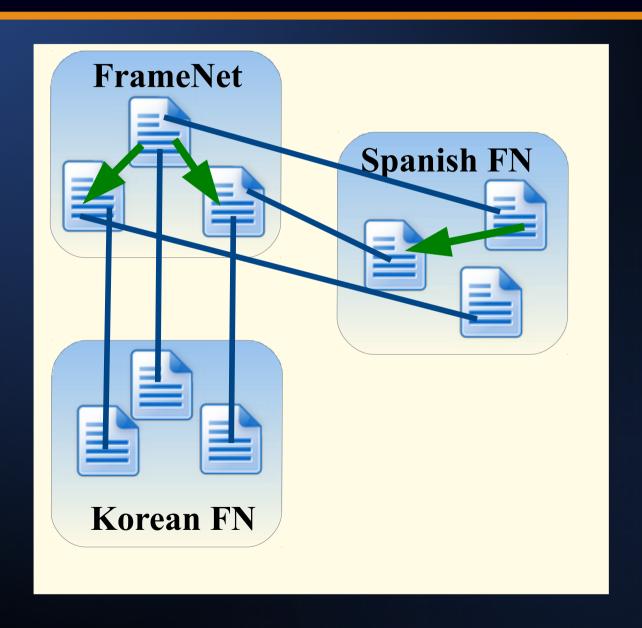


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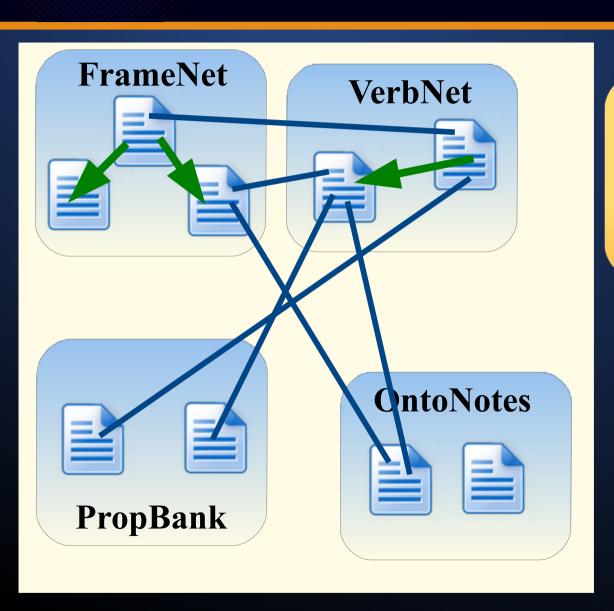
Simple Alignments Less Straightforward Connections Ecosystem of Resources

### Multilingual FNs

Some multilingual framenets are linked to English FrameNet



#### SemLink

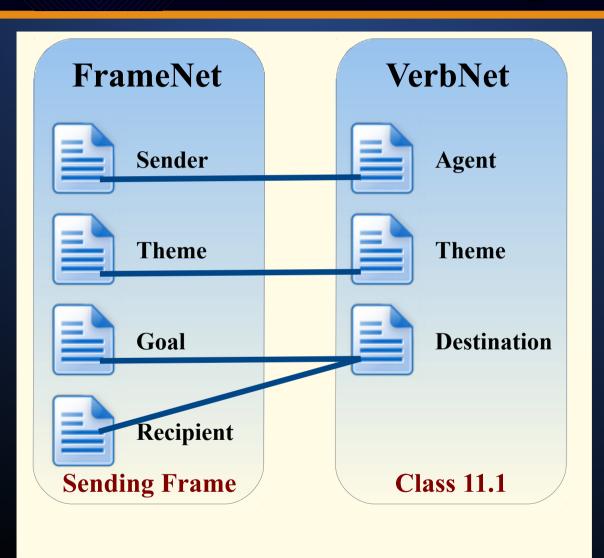


**Project led by Martha Palmer** 

https://verbs.colorado.edu/semlink/

- VerbNet ↔ FrameNet
- PropBank ↔ VerbNet
- VerbNet ↔ OntoNotes

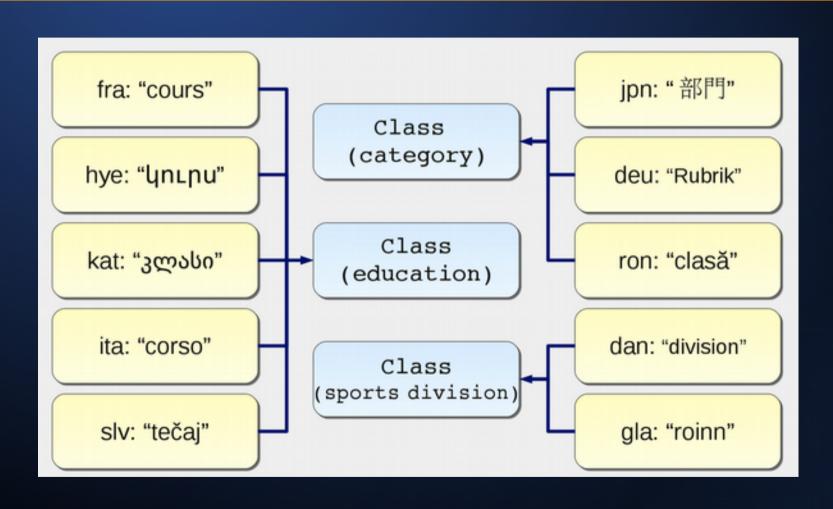
### SemLink: Role Alignments



Project led by Martha Palmer https://verbs.colorado.edu/semlink/

- VerbNet ↔ FrameNet
- PropBank ↔ VerbNet
- VerbNet ↔ WordNet

# Multilingual LUs via Universal WordNet (UWN)



**CIKM 2009** 

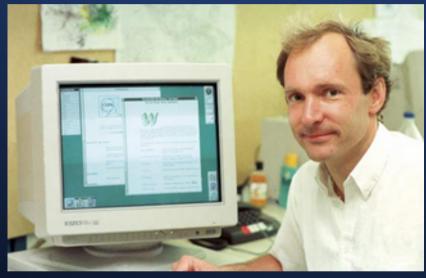
ICGL 2008 Best Paper Award

# Multilingual LUs via Universal WordNet (UWN)

UWN	Query	Contact			
s/v438495					
New Query					
has gloss		(verb) reduce the speed of; "He slowed down the car" slow down, decelerate			
lexicalization		eng: decelerate		Over 1 000 000	
		eng: slow down		Over 1,000,000  LUs in over  100 languages  can be attached to nearest frames	
subclass of		(verb) cause to change; make different; cause a transformation; "The advent of the automobile may have a changed my thinking about the issue" alter, change, modify			
has subclass		(verb) make less fast or intense; "moderate your speed" moderate  (verb) cause to move more slowly or operate at a slower rate; "This drug will retard your heart rate" retard  (verb) slow down by moving the tail sideways; "The airplane fishtailed on the runway" fishtail			
Heaning					
Bulgarian					
lexicalization		bul: забавям			
Catalan					
lexicalization		cat: desaccelerar			
Czech			1-11		
lexicalization		ces: zpomalit	http://www.lexv	o.org/uwn/	
Mandarin Chir	nese		_		
lexicalization		cmn: jiān dī sù du			
		cmn: 減低速度			
		cmn: 減低速度			
German					
lexicalization		deu: abbremsen			
		deur verlangsamen			

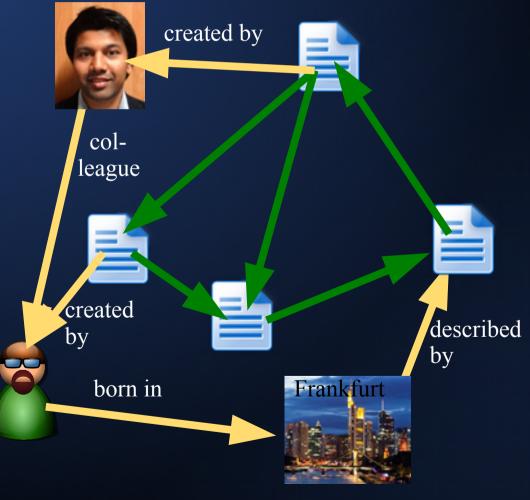
#### The Semantic Web

#### Tim Berners-Lee

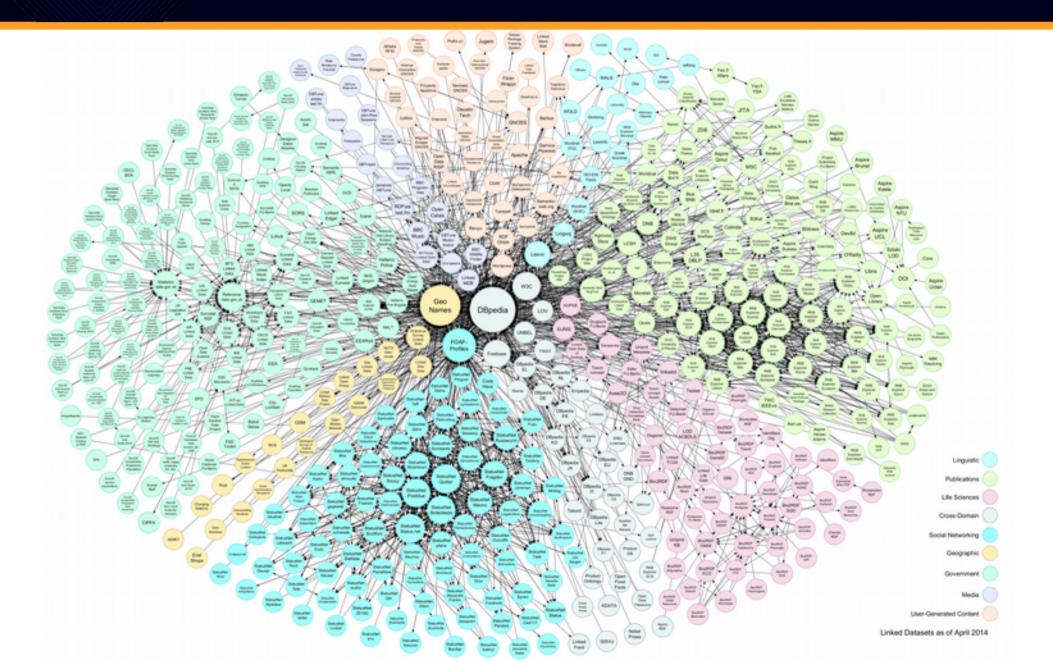


http://geekcom.wordpress.com/2009/03/19/

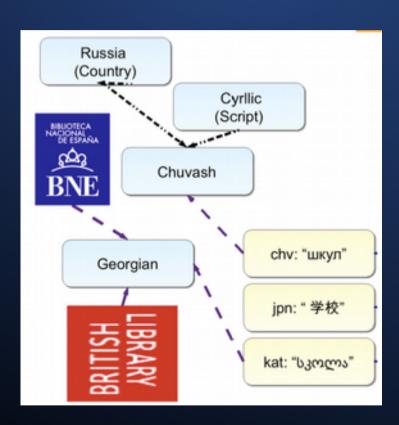
A Web of machine-readable entity-relationship data

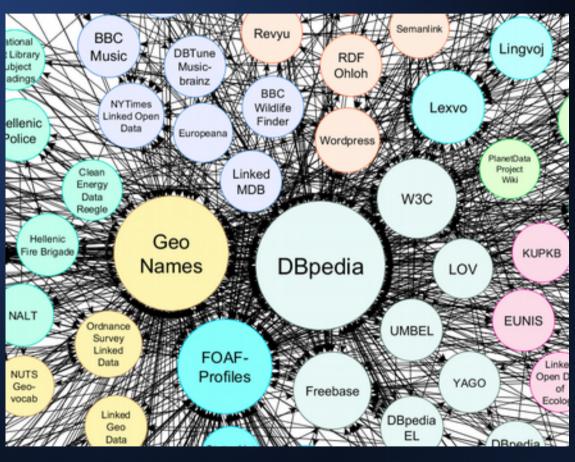


### The Web of Data: Linked Data



## The Web of Data: Lexvo.org





Interdisciplinary
Work, e.g. in
Digital Humanities

Semantic Web Journal 2014

## **Knowledge on the Semantic Web**

- Pairwise properties around an event (unreified)
  - $\times$  From N up to N(N-1) triples:

```
gotMarriedWith
person1
                             person2
person1
          gotMarriedInPlace
                                place
person2
          gotMarriedInPlace
                                place
          gotMarriedOnDate
person1
                               time
          gotMarriedOnDate
                               time
person2
person1
          ceremonyType
                          marriageCeremonyType
          ceremonyType
                          marriageCeremonyType
person2
          holdWeddingOnDate
place
                               time
```

**X** Without events, connections are unknown:

```
Sarkozy gotMarriedWith Carla_Bruni
Sarkozy gotMarriedWith Cécilia_Attias
Sarkozy gotMarriedOnDate 2007
Sarkozy gotMarriedOnDate 1996
```

## FrameBase: Aligning Knowledge via FrameNet

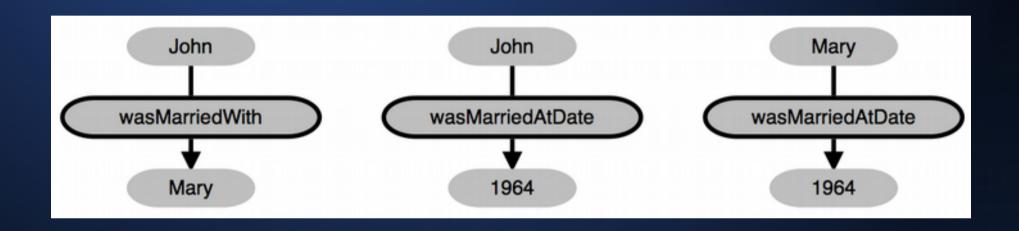
Taking sides Lexical Unit Index Taking time Text creation Talking into Tasting Telling Temperature Definition Temporal collocation Temporal pattern Temporal subregion An Author creates a Text, either written, such as a letter, or spoken, such as a speech, that contains meaningful linguistic tokens, and may have a particular Addressee in Temporary\_group mind. The Text may include information about its topic, although the latter is not an FE in this frame. Temporary\_leave Temporary\_stay I penned a letter concerning racism to Congress Temporary\_transfer\_scenario Terms\_of\_agreement The brothers said not two words to each other Terrorism X isAuthorOf Y Text Jot any notes you need below the line in red pen only Text creation Y writtenBy X Theft Thermodynamic\_phase X wrote Y Thriving Frame Elements Thwarting Y writtenInYear Z Time period of action Time\_vector Core Elements Timespan Tolerating Author The Author produces a particular Text Tool\_purpose Topic Semantic Type: Sentient Touring Toxic\_substance Trajector-Landmark Transfer Text [text] The entity which results from the act of writing or speaking. Transfer\_scenario Transitive\_action Michael wrote a frame description Translating Cybil wanted to speak those three words Transportation\_status Trap Travel Traversing Treating and mistreating FrameBase.org Trendiness Trial

Bringing knowledge into a standard form

Triggering Trust

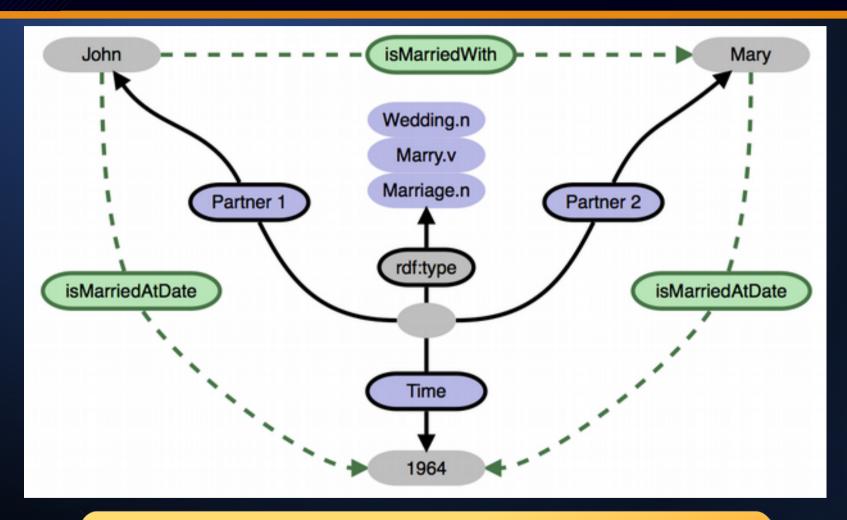
a prepositional phrase introduced by

# FrameBase: Aligning Knowledge via FrameNet



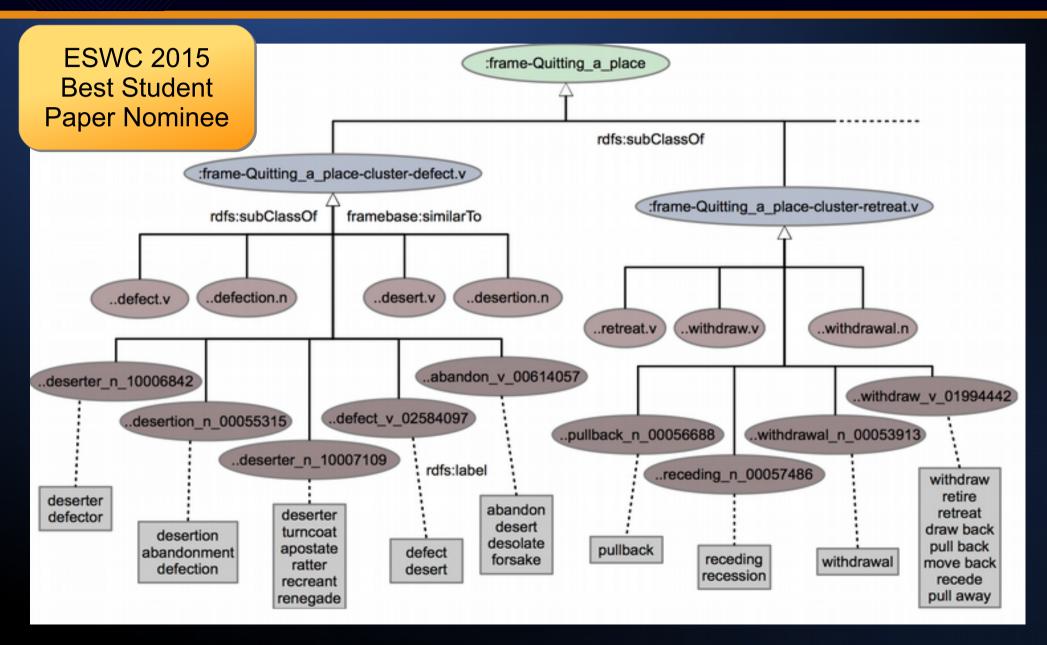
FrameBase.org
Bringing knowledge into a standard form

# Aligning Knowledge using FrameNet



FrameBase.org
Bringing knowledge into a standard form

# FrameBase: Aligning Knowledge via FrameNet



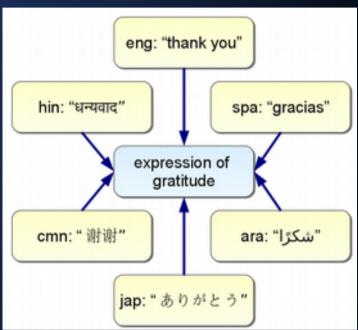
### Summary

- Alignments are typically not straightforward
- Still, multilingual versions of FrameNet can be connected
  - Some frames can be shared

## ➤ For others, use connections beyond just 1-to-1 alignments

#### Ecosystem

- SemLink, WordNet, multilingual wordnets
- ► Linked Data, FrameBase.org



#### **More Information:**

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